

Dan, This paper is carefully structured and the style of writing is fine, but you don't have a clear thesis and the paper doesn't really address the assignment, 23

Dan Ports

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(R9) Karger TR1

Misplaced Trust in Software in the Therac-25

What's your thesis?

The Therac-25's catastrophic failure was principally caused by errors in the control software. The first patient injuries reported to the manufacturer revealed the inadequacy of the software interlock system for ensuring safe operation. The critical flaw was that the designers did not take into account the possibility of software failures, in spite of the fact that the system's safeguards were implemented exclusively in software.

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what's your point? Emphasize it.

The Hamilton clinic incident, the first injury reported to the manufacturer, resulted from the turntable being in the incorrect position when the beam was activated. This unsafe condition should not have been possible, and the fact that it occurred should have served as a warning sign that the system design was deeply flawed. The system should have had carefully validated interlocks in place to ensure that unsafe conditions could not exist. Instead, the designers chose a software system that was not sufficiently reliable.

Topic Sentence?

Your thesis should be emphasized in strong position, such as the end of the first paragraph.

AECL's engineers relied on software for safety-critical elements of the Therac-25, and assumed the software was infallible. They consistently failed to acknowledge that design or implementation errors in the software could lead to safety problems. In the initial design, they generated a fault tree, identifying potential ways in which the hardware could fail. However, software errors were not included in this fault tree, apparently because the engineers simply assumed the software was correct and would never fail. The number of software errors later encountered reveal the fallacy of this thinking. In fact, this form of incomplete safety analysis may have been more damaging than performing no safety analysis at all: the misleading probabilities specified for hardware failures conveyed a false sense of reliability, and led at least one user of the system to assume that it must have been safe. *Conclude*

Once problems began to appear, AECL focused on fixing specific bugs as they became aware of them. This approach could not make the system safe. Engineering a complex software system like the Therac-25's is no simple task, and making it bug-free is practically impossible. As each bug is fixed, it is only a matter of time until the next bug is exposed, as was seen with the multiple bugs encountered in the Therac-25. To develop a safety-critical system, it is necessary to identify specific invariants that must be maintained: for example, the beam must not be able to turn on if the turntable is not verified to be in the correct position. These invariants must be maintained by carefully tested safety interlocks. It is possible to rely on software, but only if it has been very carefully tested and proven to ensure safe conditions: the reused, inadequately-tested code in the Therac-25 certainly does not meet this standard. A set of redundant interlocks is best; the Therac-20 caused no injuries despite probable software flaws because a separate hardware safety shut down the system. *If these types of interlocks had been present in the Therac-25, these tragic injuries may have been averted.*

Dan Ports
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6.033 Short Report Checklist

Organization

- Is there a clear thesis?
- Is the thesis adequately developed and argued?
- Does each paragraph logically support the thesis?
- Does the paper avoid being largely a summary of the article?
- Does the paper end with a short but effective conclusion that follows from the points made earlier in the paper?

Paragraph Structure

- Is each paragraph unified around a clear topic sentence?
- Is each topic sentence developed within its paragraph?
- Do the sentences of each paragraph follow a logical and coherent order?

Style of Writing (sentences, word choice, grammar)

Does the paper:

- Avoid weak sentence structure (choppy, too complex, run-on, or incomplete sentences)
- Avoid vague or unclear sentences
- Avoid using unnecessary words and phrases
- Avoid excessive use of "there is," "there are," and "it is"
- Use verb tenses consistently
- Avoid using this and other pronouns without a clear antecedent
- Use passive voice only when appropriate
- Maintain agreement between subjects and verbs

Links To Help with 6.033 Short Paper Assignments

- [Mayfield Handbook of Technical and Scientific Writing](#)
- [Strategic Writing, Engineering Writing Centre, University of Toronto](#)
- ["Revising Your Paper: Higher Order Concerns and Lower Order Concerns," Purdue Online Writing Center](#)